THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI M. V. CHANDRASHEKHAR MURTHY): (a) to (c). During April, 1994 and January, 1955, exports of knitwears garments declined by 3·9 per cent as compared to exports during the corresponding period of the last year on account of various factors including recession in demand and infrastructural problems. After the imposition of excise duty on woollen and acrylic yarns in the Budget of 1994–95, some representations were received and considered. As a result, the Government increased the rate of draw back on knitwear garments from 5 per cent to 7·5 per cent in November, 1994.

(d) No separate data regarding excise duty collected on yarn used in knitwears is maintained.

Appointment of SEBI Chief

215. K. M. KHAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Chief of Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has expired in the recent past;

(b) whether it is a fact that the deceased Chief was very expert in Financial Management and Economic Planning;

(c) whether Government propose to appoint Chief of SEBI with multi-qualities as the deceased one had; and

(d) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTRY OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI M. V. CHANDRASEKHAR MURTHY): (a) Shri S. S. Nadkarni, the former Chairman of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) passed away on 31-1-1995.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) and (d). Government has appointed Shri D. R. Mehta, who was earlier the Dy. Governor, RBI, as Chairman, SEBI on 17-2-1995. Shri Mehta assumed office of the Chairman on 21-2-1995. Shri Mehta has wide experience of working in the financial sector and satisfies the eligibility criteria prescribed for the office of the Chairman, in the SEBI Act, 1992.

व्यापारिक घरानों को दिया गया ऋण

216. **श्री ईश दत्त यादव :**
चौधरी हरमोहन सिंह :

क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) देश के दस शीर्ष व्यापारिक घराने कौन-कौन से हैं ;

(ख) इन कंपनियों को प्रत्येक वित्तीय कंपनी/सार्वजनिक/सहकारी/निजी क्षेत्र के बैंकों द्वारा कितना-कितना ऋण दिया गया है ;

(ग) गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान प्रतिवर्ष वित्तीय संस्थाओं और बैंकों द्वारा इनमें से प्रत्येक घराने को कितना-कितना ऋण दिया गया ;

(घ) गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान प्रतिवर्ष वित्तीय संस्थाओं और बैंकों द्वारा दिए गए अग्रिमों/ऋण के पुनर्भुगतान में किन-किन व्यापारिक घरानों से चूक हुई;

(ङ) क्या इन व्यापारिक घरानों पर इस चूक के कारण कोई अधिक जुर्माना लगाया गया ;

(च) यदि हां, तो उनसे वसूल की गई राशि का ब्यौरा क्या है ; और

(छ) यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं ?